

Q2 2021 Business and Financial Performance

August 16, 2021







- 1. Introduction
- 2. Business Overview
- 3. Financials
- 4. Q3 2021 Outlook



Krzysztof Zoła *Board Member, CFO*

Responsibility

- Cooperation with financial institutions
- Budgeting and controlling
- -IR
- M&A and major CAPEX projects

Experience

- with Cognor since 2002
- Board Member of Cognor Holding since 2013
- CFO for 15 years

Introduction | Q2 2021 Highlights

- Strong GDP rebound. EU with 13.2% yoy and 1.9% qoq. Poland's GDP also expected strongly positive yoy and fair qoq
- Polish steel production increased yoy by 12.7%.; in the EU it went up by a much as 33.4%
- While China has been trying to cool down the hot market, steel demand exploded across the rest of the world. A sharp rise of prices of scrap metal, billets and finished products. Broadening of conversion spreads for billets and finished products. Demand high and picking up also from the automotive industry
- EAF feedstock cost still more competitive compared to BOF input mix
- 57.1% increase of revenues; shipments up by 4.3%
- Third waive of COVID-19 did not bring major disruptions to our operations; fear about the Delta variant going forward
- EBIT, EBITDA and net profit records broken
- High utilization of capacities of over 100%

| QUARTERLY CAPACITY | | UTILIZATION RATE | | |
|--------------------|---------|------------------|---------|--|
| | Tonnes | Q2 2021 | Q2 2020 | |
| FERROSTAL | 93 750 | 116.5% | 115.2% | |
| HSJ | 65 250 | 117.6% | 94.8% | |
| COMBINED | 159 000 | 117.0% | 113.9% | |

 Successful issue of PLN 200m of 5 year senior secured and PLN 40m per year amortized notes on the Polish market. Early repayment of PLN 156m under the 2018 bank loan that was to mature end of 2022. Excess proceeds to finance CAPEX. Slightly lower costs and much looser covenant package

Business Overview | World's Steel Output

Crude steel production

| CRUDE STEEL PRODUCTION | Q2 2021 | % YoY | Q2 2020 |
|------------------------|---------|-------|---------|
| m tonnes | | | _ |
| Europe | 79.7 | 29.2% | 61.7 |
| UE (27) | 40.0 | 33.4% | 30.0 |
| incl. Poland | 2.2 | 12.7% | 2.0 |
| CIS | 27.1 | 26.1% | 23.8 |
| | | | |
| North America | 30.6 | 28.1% | 20.7 |
| USA | 21.6 | 20.4% | 14.3 |
| | | | |
| South America | 11.7 | 55.8% | 7.5 |
| Africa / Middle East | 15.0 | 26.1% | 11.9 |
| Asia & Oceania | 380.1 | 13.2% | 326.8 |
| China | 292.3 | 10.5% | 264.6 |
| Japan | 24.4 | 36.7% | 17.8 |
| | | | |
| Total | 517.0 | 20.2% | 430.1 |

Business Overview | EU Trade Policy

Anti Dumping

Anti dumping measures have always been an available trade control tool. However, only since 2016 there has been a growing number of cases where the European Commission was willing to impose double digit duties compared to rather symbolic levels beforehand. These measures are applied against certain countries, for a given type of product and for a certain period of time. Currently, approximately 150 anti dumping measures remain in force of which majority is relating to steel.

Safeguard

In July 2018 the European Commission introduced a temporary measure aimed at safeguarding the EU market against the potential increase of imports of steel products resulting from the introduction of US section 232 (25% tax for steel import). Twenty nine product groups, including rebars were made subject to the regulation.

In February 2019 a definitive safeguard has been put in place for a period of 2,5 years starting from 02.02.2019 (to last until 30 June 2021). It introduced the quotas including the sub-limits for specified countries. For rebars those are: Turkey, Russia, Ukraine, BiH and Moldova. In July 2019 and 2020 the measure has been revised and the quotas annual increments have been reduced from 5% to 3%. Secondly, for rebars, wire rod and HRC, the utilisation of the general quota has been limited for the specified countries to 30% and only in the last quarter of the annual quota period (Apr-Jun). Quotas for specific countries limit the imports on quarterly basis. Country specific quotas and the general quota may get transferred over to the next quarterly period. Lately, it has been decided to keep the Safeguard in place for the next 3 years till June 30, 2024.

Carbon Tax

In 11 December 2019 the European Commission adopted the European Green Deal which includes the goal of climate neutrality by 2050 and of the decrease in greenhouse gasses emissions by 50-55% by 2030 from their levels of 1990. It also includes a proposal of a carbon border adjustment mechanism (CBAM) to ensure that the price of imports reflect more accurately their carbon content.

The CBAM legislature has been proposed to commence most likely from Jan 2023; importers will have to purchase "CBAM rights" adjusted for free CO2 allowances for a price which shall mirror the market price of EU ETS CO2 contracts, in order to place a product on the EU market. The solution is aimed to prevent the so-called carbon leakage and the side effect should be a certain improvement of the competitive position of the EU producers vis-a-vis importers. Status of subsidies for energy intensive industries post 2022 is uncertain.

Business Overview | EU Safeguard

| Q1 2021 - REBARS as of: | 31.03.2021 |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| period start | 01.01.2021 |
| period end | 31.03.2021 |
| period days | 89 |
| days remaining | 0 |
| period advancement | 100% |
| initial amount utilisation | 75% |

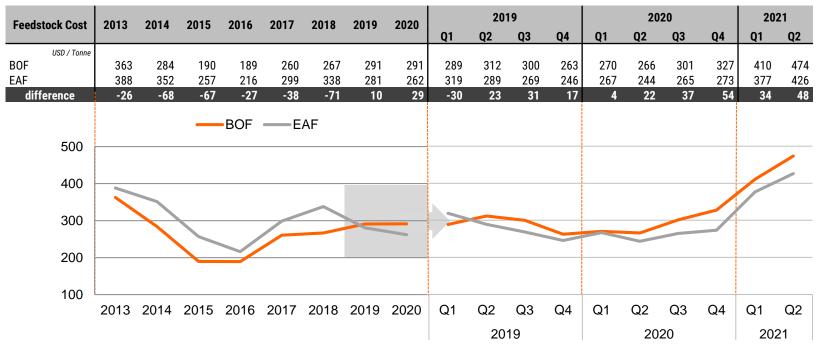
| ORIGINS | Initial Amount | Q4 2020 transferred Used in Q1 2021 | | Quota Available | |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Turkey | 58 826 750 | 0 | 56 140 771 | 2 685 979 | |
| Russia | 56 951 110 | 878 | 56 951 988 | 0 | |
| Ukraine | 28 798 840 | 10 976 435 | 39 775 275 | 0 | |
| BiH | 25 219 870 | 46 430 573 | 5 343 633 | 66 306 810 | |
| Moldova | 18 125 110 | 6 171 687 | 10 213 706 | 14 083 091 | |
| Other Jan - Mar 2021 | 109 637 110 | 180 833 970 | 55 333 829 | 235 137 251 | |
| TOTAL | 297 558 790 | 244 413 543 | 223 759 203 | 318 213 131 | |

| Q2 2021 - REBARS as of: | 30.06.2021 |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| period start | 01.04.2021 |
| period end | 30.06.2021 |
| period days | 90 |
| days remaining | 0 |
| period advancement | 100% |
| initial amount utilisation | 104% |

| ORIGINS | Initial Amount | Q1 2020 transferred | Used in Q2 2021 | Quota Available |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Turkey | 59 480 380 | 2 685 979 | 62 166 359 | 0 |
| Russia | 57 583 900 | 0 | 57 583 820 | 80 |
| Ukraine | 29 118 830 | 3 796 363 | 25 269 936 | 7 645 257 |
| BiH | 25 500 090 | 66 306 810 | 14 058 526 | 77 748 374 |
| Moldova | 18 326 500 | 14 083 091 | 30 136 218 | 2 273 373 |
| Other Apr - Jun 2021 | 110 855 300 | 235 137 251 | 123 670 276 | 222 322 275 |
| TOTA | L 300 865 000 | 322 009 494 | 312 885 135 | 309 989 359 |

Business Overview | BOF / EAF Feedstock Cost

BOF & EAF Feedstock Costs



| Prices | Iron ore | Coking coal | Steel scrap |
|---------------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| (USD / Tonne) | | | |
| 2013 | 135 | 122 | 347 |
| 2014 | 97 | 105 | 314 |
| 2015 | 55 | 89 | 229 |
| 2016 | 59 | 92 | 193 |
| 2017 | 72 | 150 | 267 |
| 2018 | 70 | 153 | 302 |
| 2019 | 94 | 147 | 251 |
| 2020 | 108 | 115 | 234 |

| Prices | Iron ore | Coking coal | Steel scrap |
|---------------|----------|----------------|----------------|
| (USD / Tonne) | | | |
| Q1 2019 | 83 | 160 | 285 |
| Q2 2019 | 102 | 157 | 258 |
| Q3 2019 | 102 | 144 | 240 |
| Q4 2019 | 88 | 127 | 219 |
| Q1 2020 | 91 | 126 | 238 |
| Q2 2020 | 93 | 120 | 218 |
| Q3 2020 | 117 | 108 | 236 |
| Q4 2020 | 132 | 109 | 244 |
| Q1 2021 | 165 | 126 | 336 |
| Q2 2021 | 199 | 126* | 380 |

| Feedstock Cost Model | BOF | EAF |
|------------------------------|------|------|
| Tonne / Tonne of crude steel | | |
| iron ore | 1.60 | |
| coking coal | 0.60 | |
| scrap metal | 0.21 | 1.12 |

- EAF steel producers compete with BOF steelmakers to some extend (semi-finished products)
- Due to the strong steel output growth in China in 2019 and 2020 BOF feedstock cost increased more as compared to EAF
- In 2021 feedstock cost has remained lower for EAF producers

source: IMF - iron ore, EIA - coking coal,

Cognor – scrap metal, * estimate based on 01 2021

Business Overview | Ferrostal

Prices & Spreads

| | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q4 2020 | Q3 2020 | Q2 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (pln/ tonne) | | | | | |
| FERROSTAL | | | | | |
| SCRAP METAL - average purchase price | 1 431 | 1 269 | 922 | 898 | 891 |
| BILLETS - average price | 2 656 | 2 362 | 1 765 | 1 797 | 1 747 |
| volume | 17 615 | 22 835 | 18 366 | 6 671 | 39 330 |
| BILLET SPREAD | 1 224 | 1 093 | 843 | 899 | 856 |
| FINISHED PRODUCTS – average price | 3 073 | 2 624 | 2 017 | 1 921 | 1 978 |
| total volume | 90 092 | 73 979 | 87 188 | 77 153 | 83 404 |
| - plain bars | 3213 | 2 841 | 2 180 | 2 150 | 2 174 |
| volume | 8 592 | 8 107 | 8 883 | 7 2 9 5 | 6 825 |
| - flat bars | 3 175 | 2 774 | 2 205 | 2 123 | 2 196 |
| volume | 12 061 | 9 765 | 13 159 | 9 785 | 11 036 |
| -squares | 3 338 | 2 822 | 2 092 | 2 045 | 2 107 |
| volume | 2 029 | 1 955 | 2 163 | 3 029 | 1 802 |
| -rebars | 3 002 | 2 548 | 1 911 | 1 820 | 1 882 |
| volume | 61 193 | 49 276 | 55 307 | 51 605 | 56 352 |
| -angles | 3 285 | 2 665 | 2 169 | 2 130 | 2 166 |
| volume | 5 904 | 4 439 | 6 121 | 4 939 | 6 855 |
| -other | 3 512 | 2 592 | 2 561 | 2 256 | 2 2 7 6 |
| volume | 253 | 437 | 1 555 | 500 | 534 |
| PRODUCT SPREAD | 1 641 | 1 355 | 1 095 | 1 023 | 1 087 |
| - plain bars | 1 781 | 1 572 | 1 258 | 1 252 | 1 283 |
| - flat bars | 1 743 | 1 505 | 1 283 | 1 225 | 1 305 |
| - squares | 1 907 | 1 552 | 1 169 | 1 147 | 1 2 1 6 |
| - rebars | 1 570 | 1 279 | 988 | 922 | 991 |
| - angles | 1 854 | 1 395 | 1 247 | 1 232 | 1 275 |
| - other | 2 080 | 1 323 | 1 639 | 1 358 | 1 385 |

| crap metal price up by | 540 & 60.7% |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| illet sales price up by | 909 & 52.0% |
| illet spread up by | 368 & 43.0% |
| inished product sales price up by | 1,095 & 55.3% |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| roduct spread up by | 554 & 51.0% |
| | |
| | |

Business Overview | HSJ

Prices & Spreads

| | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q4 2020 | Q3 2020 | Q2 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (pln/ tonne) | | | | | |
| HSJ | | | | | |
| SCRAP METAL - average purchase price | 1 623 | 1 438 | 1 051 | 967 | 976 |
| BILLETS - average price | 3 084 | 2 640 | 2 105 | 2 044 | 2 191 |
| volume | 19 037 | 17 101 | 20 876 | 17 744 | 19 797 |
| BILLET SPREAD | 1 461 | 1 202 | 1 054 | 1 077 | 1 215 |
| FINISHED PRODUCTS – average price | 3 734 | 3 214 | 2 781 | 2 849 | 2 917 |
| total volume | 49 776 | 54 663 | 40 438 | 37 361 | 40 183 |
| - SQ bars | 3 690 | 3 184 | 2 740 | 2 761 | 2 815 |
| volume | 49 311 | 53 626 | 40 249 | 36 201 | 39 768 |
| - thick sheets | 6 048 | 4 171 | 5 947 | 3 696 | 4212 |
| volume | 292 | 301 | 54 | 841 | 137 |
| - thin sheets | 12 644 | 12 638 | 12 279 | 11 575 | 11 892 |
| volume | 112 | 158 | 58 | 112 | 180 |
| -other | 11 848 | 14 924 | 14 458 | 29 072 | 26 306 |
| volume | 61 | 112 | 77 | 72 | 98 |
| PRODUCT SPREAD | 2 111 | 1 776 | 1 730 | 1 882 | 1 941 |
| - SQ bars | 2 066 | 1 725 | 1 691 | 1 783 | 1 837 |
| - thick sheets | 4 425 | 2 733 | 4 896 | 2 930 | 4 096 |
| - thin sheets | 11 021 | 11 200 | 11 224 | 10 608 | 10 916 |
| - other | 10 255 | 13 486 | 13 407 | 28 105 | 25 330 |

| scrap metal price up by | 647 | & 66 | .3% |
|------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|
| billet sales price up by | 893 | & 40 | .8% |
| billet spread up by | 246 | & 20 | .2% |
| finished product sales price up by | | & 28 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| product spread up by | 169 | & 8.7 | 7% |
| | | | |

Business Overview | Scrap Metal

Segments

| SCRAP METAL | | | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 | | |
|--|----------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| PURCHASES FROM EXTERNAL SUPPLIERS FERROSTAL ZŁOMREX HSJ | Tonnes | 78 889 86 991 56 450 | 96 147 92 110 52 090 | 99 270 63 707 45 173 | ZŁOMREX purchases up by | 36.5% |
| INTERNAL USE FERROSRAL HSJ | Tonnes | 122 901 86 500 | 118 938 80 397 | 120 694 69 891 | | |
| SALES TO EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS ZŁOMREX OTHER | Tonnes | 41 855 0 | 39 981 0 | 30 167 0 | | |
| SALES CONSOLIDATED | '000 PLN | 61 836 | 52 419 | 26 196 | | |
| TOTAL PURCHASES IN TONNES TOTAL INTERNAL USE IN TONNES TOTAL SALES IN TONNES TOTAL SALES IN '000 PLN | | 222 330 209 401 41 855 61 836 | 240 347 199 335 39 981 52 418 | 208 150 190 585 30 167 26 196 | Internal use up by Shipments up by Sales up by | 9.9% 38.7% 136.4% |

Business Overview | Billets

Segments

| | BILLETS | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 |
|------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | |
| PURCHASES | Tonnes | | | |
| FERR | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PRODUCTION | Tonnes | | | |
| | Tomies | 400.050 | 405.004 | 444.050 |
| FERR | | 109 252 | 105 204 | 111 950 |
| HSJ | | 76 762 | 70 952 | 69 199 |
| INTERNAL USE | Tonnes | | | |
| FERR | . 565 | 91 311 | 92 077 | 83 721 |
| HSJ | | 63 913 | 58 838 | 59 274 |
| ПЗЈ | | 03 913 | 20 030 | 59 274 |
| SALES TO EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS | Tonnes | | | |
| FERR | | 28 803 | 27 822 | 26 583 |
| HSJ | | 16 068 | 12 114 | 9 925 |
| | | | | |
| SALES | '000 PLN | | | |
| CONSOLIDATED | | 114 039 | 99 099 | 112 112 |
| TOTAL PURCHASES in TONNES | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL PRODUCTION in TONNES | | 186 014 | 176 156 | 169 821 |
| TOTAL INTERNAL USE in TONNES | | 155 224 | 150 915 | 128 041 |
| TOTAL SALES in TONNES | | 39 871 | 39 936 | 59 127 |
| TOTAL SALES in '000 PLN | | 114 039 | 99 099 | 112 112 |

| oduction up by | 9.5% |
|------------------|-------|
| ternal use up by | 21.2% |
| ipments down by | 32.6% |
| les up by | 1.7% |

Business Overview | Finished Products

Segments

| FINISHED PRODUCTS | | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 |
|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | _ | | | |
| PURCHASES | Tonnes | | | |
| ALL ENTITES | | 1 924 | 999 | 1 264 |
| | | | | |
| PRODUCTION | Tonnes | | | |
| ZWWB | | 21 659 | 22 195 | 17 934 |
| HSJ | | 48 606 | 48 753 | 41 238 |
| PROFIL | | 65 388 | 65 507 | 60 207 |
| | | | | |
| SALES TO EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS | Tonnes | | | |
| FERROSTAL | | 87 464 | 72 380 | 72 407 |
| HSJ | | 54 224 | 57 261 | 52 444 |
| | | | | |
| SALES | '000 PLN | | | |
| CONSOLIDATED | | 468 838 | 372 620 | 282 218 |
| TOTAL PURCHASES in TONNES | | 1 924 | 999 | 1 264 |
| TOTAL PRODUCTION in TONNES | | 135 653 | 136 455 | 119 379 |
| TOTAL SALES TO EXTERNAL CUSTOMERS in TONNES | | 141 688 | 129 641 | 124 851 |
| TOTAL SALES in '000 PLN | | 468 838 | 372 620 | 282 218 |

| Production up by | 13.6% |
|------------------|-------|
| Shipments up by | 13.5% |
| Sales up by | 66.1% |

| STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--|----|
| '000 PLN | | | | | |
| Sales revenue | 716 127 | 584 076 | 455 955 | Revenues up by | 5 |
| Cost of sales | -576 216 | -487 108 | -408 559 | - shipments up by | |
| Gross profit | 139 911 | 96 968 | 47 396 | Gross profit up by | 19 |
| | | | | - spreads broadening gain of PLN 70. | 7m |
| Other income | 5 928 | 6 173 | 14 375 | - estimated FIFO gain of PLN 9.8m | |
| Distribution expenses | -26 628 | -25 223 | -20 722 | | |
| Administrative expenses | -15 238 | -14 365 | -10 477 | | |
| Other gains/(losses) - net | -2 106 | 4 194 | -1 204 | | |
| Other expenses | -819 | -975 | -2 226 | | |
| EBIT | 101 048 | 66 772 | 27 142 | EBIT up by | 27 |
| | | | | - CO2 compensation of PLN 3.8m | |
| Financial income | 2 529 | 827 | 0 | - FX gain on debt of PLN 3.3m | |
| Financial expenses | -4 939 | -8 931 | -4 112 | - Financial instruments gain of PLN 0. | 7m |
| Net financing costs | -2 410 | -8 104 | -4 112 | - | |
| | | | | | |
| Share of profits of associates | -172 | -53 | 0 | | |
| Excess in fair value of acquired assets over cost | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Profit before tax | 98 466 | 58 615 | 23 030 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | -19 629 | -12 758 | -1 156 | | |
| Profit/loss for the period from discontinued operations | 0 | 0 | 0 | Net result up by | 26 |
| Profit for the period | 78 837 | 45 857 | 21 874 | Adjusted net result PLN | 7 |
| | | | | ., | |
| Depreciation and amortization | -13 043 | -13 312 | -11 823 | | |
| EBITDA | 114 091 | 80 084 | 38 965 | EBITDA up by | 19 |
| | | | | Adjusted EBITDA PLN | 11 |

57.1% 4.3% 195.2%

272.3%

260.4% 77.5m

192.8% 116.2m

| ASSETS | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|---------|--|--------|
| '000 PL | N | | | | |
| A. TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | 500 115 | 508 846 | 495 308 | Fixed assets up by | 1.0% |
| I. Intangible assets | 15 917 | 18 096 | 24 642 | - CAPEX increase of PLN 72.0m | |
| II. Property, plant and equipment | 407 966 | 398 563 | 382 816 | - D&A charges of PLN 50.8m | |
| III. Other receivables | 10 083 | 9 405 | 6 357 | - Utilisation of a tax shield of PLN 12.5n | n |
| IV. Investment property and other investments | 1 089 | 8 271 | 8 299 | | |
| V. Prepaid perpetual usufruct of land | 30 574 | 31 010 | 26 253 | | |
| VI. Deferred tax assets | 34 486 | 43 501 | 46 941 | | |
| | | | | | |
| B. TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 674 215 | 686 890 | 498 999 | | |
| I. Inventories | 343 692 | 331 236 | 239 935 | Inventories up by | 43.2% |
| II. Receivables | 245 556 | 226 562 | 189 111 | Receivables up by | 29.8% |
| 1. Trade receivables | 245 397 | 226 403 | 188 946 | Trade receivables sold (net) PLN | 149.3n |
| 2. Current income tax receivable | 38 | 38 | 38 | In Q2 2020 (net) PLN | 125.9n |
| 3. Other investments | 121 | 121 | 127 | | |
| III. Cash and cash equivalents | 77 962 | 129 092 | 69 953 | | |
| IV. Prepayments | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| V. Assets classified as held for sale | 7 005 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Tot | al 1 174 330 | 1 195 736 | 994 307 | Total assets up by | 18.1% |

| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q2 2020 | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|---|--------|
| '000 PLN | | | | | |
| A. EQUITY | 406 990 | 354 661 | 299 992 | Equity up by PLN | 107.0m |
| I. Issued share capital | 257 131 | 254 431 | 185 911 | - LTM net result increase of PLN 133.6m | |
| II. Reserves and retained earnings | 123 404 | 78 156 | 94 900 | - Adoption of dividend at PLN 25.7m | |
| III. Minority interest | 26 455 | 22 074 | 19 181 | | |
| | | | | | |
| B. LIABILITIES | 767 340 | 841 075 | 694 315 | | |
| I. Non-current liabilities | 196 344 | 223 965 | 264 725 | | |
| 1. Employee benefits obligation | 11 963 | 12 580 | 11 796 | | |
| 2. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | 181 348 | 198 430 | 232 798 | Gross debt down by PLN | 41.3m |
| 3. Other | 3 033 | 12 955 | 20 131 | | |
| II. Current liabilities | 569 449 | 617 110 | 429 590 | | |
| 1. Interest-bearing loans and borrowings | 65 102 | 56 885 | 55 981 | Net debt down by PLN | 49.3m |
| 2. Bank overdraft | 8 227 | 0 | 7 178 | | |
| 3. Trade payables | 480 451 | 544 001 | 348 770 | | |
| 4. Deferred government grants | 6 173 | 5 056 | 10 360 | | |
| 5. Liability under financial instruments | 2 521 | 3 183 | 5 028 | | |
| 6. Employee benefits obligation | 1 352 | 1 330 | 2 107 | | |
| 7. Current income tax payable | 5 598 | 6 630 | 141 | | |
| 8. Provisions for payables | 25 | 25 | 25 | | |
| III. Liabilities of disposal assets | 1 547 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Total | 1 174 330 | 1 195 736 | 994 307 | | |

| CASH FLOW | | Q2 2021 | Q1 2021 | Q1 2020 |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | '000 PLN | | | |
| A. OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | -24 064 | 53 245 | 26 683 |
| B. INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | -18 244 | -7 994 | -9 927 |
| C. FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | -17 049 | -16 714 | -19 737 |
| Net incr | ease in cash | -59 357 | 28 537 | -2 982 |

- working capital outflow of PLN 129.8m
- CAPEX outflow of PLN 19.5m
- asset dispositions inflow of PLN 0.3m
- net repayment outflow of PLN 16.2m
- interest service outflow of PLN 2.4m

| | MAIN METRICS | Q2 2021 | Q1 2020 | Q2 2020 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Liquidity ratio | | 1.18 | 1.11 | 1.16 |
| Quick ratio | | 0.58 | 0.58 | 0.60 |
| Inventories turnover | days | 54 | 61 | 53 |
| Receivables turnover | days | 31 | 35 | 37 |
| EBITDA margin | | 15.9% | 13.7% | 8.5% |
| Net profit margin | | 11.0% | 7.9% | 4.8% |
| Equity | '000 PLN | 406 990 | 354 661 | 299 992 |
| Net debt | '000 PLN | 176 715 | 126 223 | 226 004 |
| Net debt / LTM EBITDA | | 0.7 | 0.8 | 2.2 |

liquidity metrics stable

Inventory ratio up by 1 day
Receivable ratio down by 6 days

Profitability ratios strongly improved

Net leverage further down



GDP rebound to continue in Poland and in the EU both yoy and gog

2

Overall demand stabilising; picking up for auto products

3

Poland's crude steel production slightly up or stable; BOF mills in trouble due to high CO2 rights prices; EAF producers at high utilization rates. Polish steel consumption growth positive particularly due to the returning demand form the EU auto sector

4

Prices of scrap metal, billets and finished products slightly down or stable; EAF conversion spreads high and stable

EAF feedstock cost position versus BOF levelling up due to expected decrease of iron ore prices while scrap metal more resilient to decreases

Q3 2021 results very strong; likely to exceed Q1 2021 but expected lower then in O2 2021 due to the lesser or no FIFO contribution and due to major maintenance works

Together reach more



| <u> </u> | |
|----------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| <u> </u> | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

COGNOR SA

ul. Zielona 26, 42 - 360 Poraj tel. +48 34 316 01 10, fax +48 34 316 01 12 cognor@cognor.eu, www.cognor,pl